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CENTRAL

No. 15,878

號一廿月七年三十一百九千一英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1913.

中華民國二年七月三十一日

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Hongkong, January 3, 1913.

ABANDONED WEDDING.

MARKS OF HERBERT'S ENGAGEMENT
BROKEN OFF.

It is announced that the marriage arranged between the Marquis of Hertford and Mrs. Moscovitch will not take place. The engagement was announced on May 8.

Lord Hertford was born in October 1871, and is the seventh marquis, succeeding to the title in March 1912. He was formerly Earl of Yarmouth, and has been actor, soldier, author, and sheep farmer. In 1903 he married Miss Alice Shaw, of Pittsburg, and the marriage was annulled in 1908.

Mrs. Moscovitch is the widow of Mr. Charles Moscovitch, a solicitor, who left her £862,000. She possesses a fine country house at Clever Park, Berkshire.

"Truth" has some verses on the statement that an angry man injures himself by not giving vent to his feelings. As thus—

When your temper's all aflame,
With your tongue the fact proclaim.
Do not stand politely dumb;
Let the rising words come.

Perseverance choked's a curse;
Gout suppressed is even worse;
Worst of all 'gainst health they sin.
Who the lurid oath keep in.

For, let loose, it merely flies
Harmless to the open skies;
Words to Hades that condemn
Can't affect or injure them.

But, repressed, behold they flood
Like an angry stream the blood.
Till your lungs their duties shrink
Till your liver ceases work.

Never to these faddists hark
They are all beside the mark.
If you would subside be—
Conjugate your self in D.

CRAMP COLIC.

No need of suffering from cramps in the stomach, or intestinal pains. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy never fails to relieve the most severe cases. Get it today, there will be no time to send for it after the attack comes on. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

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For all Culinary and General Purposes.
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For Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Ices and Stewed Fruits.
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For Drinking Purposes.
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Wittles' Sad Mistake
COMIC PICTURE.

The way to Pay One's Debts.

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Hongkong, June 4, 1913.

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Hongkong, June 16, 1913.

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Late of D'Aguilar Street HAVE REMOVED to Commodious premises at
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Hongkong, June 12, 1913.

KOWLOON CANTON RAILWAY.

(BRITISH SECTION).

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the
DOWN EXPRESS TRAINS from
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from Kowloon will CEASE CALLING at
YAU MATI on and after 1st AUGUST,
1913.

By Order,
H. P. WINSLOW,
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Kowloon, July 28, 1913.

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Hongkong September 4, 1909.

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Pumps empty Dock in 2-3/4 hours.

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As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

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OUTFITTING OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, QUALITY AND WORK-
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150 The Encyclopedia of the Poultry Yard
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don Ward. 950

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Samuel P. Orth. 450

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H. B. Gray. 450

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Noyes. 450

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A. H. Macmurtrei. 275

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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

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501

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MAGNESIA

The Physician's
Cure for Gout,
Rheumatic Gout
and Gravel.

Safest and most
Effective Remedy
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The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headaches,
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LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

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Time was when disease was thought to be due to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism and magic were invoked to cast it out.

Science has taught us wisdom. The evil spirits exist still. We call them "Disease Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches and pains, is the result.

ENO'S
FRUIT SALT

is the approved remedy for driving out disease germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It clears the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole digestive tract.

It may be safely taken at any time by young or old.

It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhoea by removing the irritating cause.

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J. C. ENO, Ltd., "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

A LADY'S ALLEGATIONS.

The "Delusions of a Fertile Imagination."

UNSUCCESSFUL CLAIM FOR DAMAGES.

Mr. Firmstone has been occupied for some considerable time this week, says the "Star Times" of July 25, in the District Court, in considering a case in which Mrs. Frances Roddy, at present living at the Hotel van Wyk, brought a claim for \$500 for damages for trespass against Mr. Henry Gibby, of the Raffles Hotel. Yesterday the hearing was concluded when His Honour found in favour of the defendant.

Mrs. Roddy, giving evidence, said she was doing insurance work for Messrs. Patterson, Simons, and the Sun Life Company. In June she was staying at the Adelphi Hotel. On the evening of one day between the tenth and the tenth of the month she saw the figure of a man across the verandah. He was clad in his pyjamas. She jumped up and ran outside whereupon the man turned and ran back. Witness noticed which room he entered and in about two minutes followed him there as, she said, she had been annoyed with this sort of thing before. Witness asked him what he meant by coming to her room. There was no mistaking the man, who was then sitting on the verandah. She told him he had better not do it again or he would get more than he bargained for. Witness then understood him, to say that he was just out from England. The next morning as she went to breakfast she looked in his room and saw that he had no luggage. Enquiries were made but Mr. Constable, who was occupied by Mr. Gibby and that he was leaving for Kuala Lumpur. During the day she had a conversation with him and again asked him for an explanation of his behaviour. She also asked him if it was not a fact that he was living at the Raffles Hotel and that he had been sent to her room at the Adelphi. He denied that and said he was sorry, repeating his statement that he had just arrived from England, and that he was going to Kuala Lumpur. Continuing her story, Mrs. Roddy said that the next morning she went to the Raffles Hotel, found that Mr. Gibby had a room there and so reported the matter to the Chief Police Officer.

Mr. Mundell, who appeared for Mr. Gibby, said he admitted that on June 8, Mr. Gibby had a room at the Adelphi, but that on the following day he moved to the Raffles Hotel. Mrs. Roddy remarked that she could not say that the affair happened on June 8. The reason why she went to this trouble was because something once happened to her in the Raffles Hotel. In 1911 she lived at the Raffles Hotel for just over a month and during that time she had trouble with a lady there.

Mr. Mundell said that on a slip on which was the name Mrs. Roddy refused to look at the slip, saying that she knew the name and that it was an insult to be asked to look at it. She complained to the manager, but Mr. Constable, who was the part of the lady. That was because the two were great friends. Mrs. Roddy remarked that she had trouble in Hongkong some time ago, and in the boat coming down, she had also been annoyed at the Hotel at Penang. She attributed all this to Mr. Constable and the lady previously mentioned.

Mr. Firmstone at this stage asked if the woman still resided in Singapore and was informed that she did not. The name was then mentioned by Mr. Mundell. Replying to questions, Mrs. Roddy said her husband had been dead nearly twenty years and ten years ago she first met him. For the last two years she had been engaged in the work. She used to travel in the Native States, but it was now impossible because of these two people. Now she did not think of going anywhere except Penang where she was safe because it was a big place.

Mr. Mundell: Has it been necessary for you at any time to ask people to put you up?—Yes.

Further cross-examination, the witness said that she stayed at the bachelor gentlemen at Alor Gajah on two occasions. The alternative was the jungle. On both these visits the house was placed at her disposal. She had never asked a person to give her a room, but she had stayed at the house of a gentleman and gentleman were also guests. She did not think the circumstances were liable to a wrong conclusion. The man was English and any lady could stay in the same house. She did not think for one moment that this could be responsible for the annoyance she had suffered on other occasions.

In the course of other answers Mrs. Roddy said that all this talk had harmed her business very much. She denied that when lying in the long chair she was on the verandah. She was right inside the verandah, and certainly did not hear what man any "I am sorry, madam, if I am intruding" before turning back. He ran away like a snail.

Mr. J. Constantine gave evidence that Mr. Gibby came to the Raffles Hotel on the evening of June 7. In the past Mrs. Roddy was concerned in some trouble in which a lady complained of having been insulted. He told Mrs. Roddy that if that occurred again he would have to leave. With reference to this last trouble Mrs. Roddy came to the hotel and asked if he had sent Mr. Gibby to the Adelphi and, later, if the lady who had been mentioned, was staying there under an assumed name.

THE DEFENCE.

Mr. Mundell said that the defence was a total denial. Mr. Gibby denied entering the premises of Mrs. Roddy's private verandah.

The manager and a proprietor both gave evidence that no complaint was made by Mrs. Roddy.

Mr. Roddy asked permission to put a question to Mr. Constable and this request Mr. Firmstone granted. She then asked if he and the lady previously mentioned had stood outside her bath room door while she was sleeping with him for about ten minutes or so. This the witness denied.

Mr. Firmstone: That is to show that Mr. Constable is prejudiced against you?—Mrs. Roddy: Yes, I think he is very much prejudiced. I suggest that I am.

Mr. Gibby: That is what I want to know.

Mrs. Roddy then put that in the form of a question to Mr. Constable who replied "No, why should I?"

Mrs. Roddy: That is what I want to know.

If you have lost your appointment of the big variety of dainties at the ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt you.

Mr. Gibby was then put into the witness box. He said that he had never been east before. He had been a surveyor for Lloyd's at Southampton and previous to that a marine engineer. He only arrived in Singapore on the 24th by the P. and O. steamer Sardinia, and at that time knew no one connected with the Raffles Hotel.

Mr. Mundell then proceeded to put questions to the witness as to his movements throughout the evening, finally leading up to the time when Mr. Gibby stated that he returned to the Adelphi Hotel for dinner. He dined alone. Later in the evening he went out on the verandah and walked along, but when he was nearly lying in a long chair he apologized and returned. The lady was the plaintiff and she was reclining not inside the swing doors but in the verandah. Witness declared that he was dressed in a white suit at the Raffles but he changed when he returned to his room and by the time Mrs. Roddy came in to remonstrate was wearing his pyjamas. He told the lady he was sorry if he had in any way offended, and she said something in reply which he could not see sure about. It was to the effect that if he did such a thing again he would get more than he bargained for, but he was not certain as to the exact words. The next morning he reported the matter to the hotel manager.

Yesterday afternoon, the defence called several witnesses who spoke to the movements of Mr. Gibby when he arrived in Singapore. They all denied that they had met Mrs. Roddy to him or that they had made any suggestions to him. The defendant himself went back in the box and denied that he had heard of her before the incident. He also denied, in answer to questions, that he was in his pyjamas when he was on the verandah. He turned away as soon as he saw the lady, but the suggestion that he was running away was not true. Mrs. Roddy, he maintained, was lying in a chair on the verandah, the private part of the verandah, not in her room.

After Mr. Mundell had commented upon the case, His Honour said that it was one in which he had difficulty in coming to a conclusion. There had been no trespass at all, and he accepted the defendant's statement with regard to the matter. He could only come to two conclusions, either that the plaintiff was suffering from delusions of a fertile imagination or that she was deliberately lying, and he would prefer to believe the latter view. That she was suffering from hallucinations, if the plaintiff had taken the trouble to find out that, before the alleged trespass, Mr. Gibby, whom she had made her victim, had only been in Singapore a few hours, he thought she would have selected someone else. He stated, judgment was given for defendant, with costs.

ROYAL MATINEE.

Brilliant Function at St. James's Theatre.

THE KING AND QUEEN WITNESS THE PLAY "LONDON ASSURANCE."

Among a season of brilliant Royal functions, few have excited more public interest than that which took place at St. James's Theatre on Friday afternoon, June 27, when Dion Boucicault's old comedy "London Assurance" was revived by special request of the King.

Always to the fore in support of the drama, the King has given his patronage to the Pension Fund for Actors and actresses, for which to-day's performance was in aid.

The King and Queen arrived at the theatre a little before the time of starting, and were received at the entrance by Sir James Hamlyn, Sir Edward Bouverie, and Sir George Alexander. The National Anthem was played as the Royal party—which included also the Prince of Wales and Princess Mary—entered the stage box on the left, and almost immediately the curtain rose, practically to the time appointed. The theatre was filled in every part with a distinguished audience.

Every theatre in London was represented by a leading lady selling programmes.

DELIGHTED AUDIENCE.

The comedy was received with every sign of delight by the audience, every part being a theatrical war of the most magnificent. The costumes of the players were of the period of the first production, namely 1841, when the piece was produced by Charles Matthews at Drury Lane.

The story is one of supposed mistaken identity, with innumerable complex and amusing situations besides. Sir Harcourt Courtey (Sir Herbert Tree), an old rook, wishes to marry Grace Harkaway (Miss Phyllis Neilson-Terry), and is fixed for the wedding. For the young country miss knows nothing of love, and considers any husband as good as another. But the arrival at her father's (Mr. Harkaway's) (Mr. Henry Ainley) house of young Charles Courtey (Mr. Godfrey Tearle), under the name of Augustus Hamilton, alters her outlook on life and love. The son braves out his new name in his father's face, and the latter becomes doubtful of his own offspring.

At the end, as a comedy should, with more surprise and more laughter. Mr. H. B. Irving made a popular return to the London stage as Dazzle, the chance stranger and man of fortune who engineers the match between the young miss and the young lawyer, Mr. Arthur Boucherie, as Middle the lawyer, Mr. Charles Hawtrey as Coolie, Mr. Dennis Eadie as Martin, Mr. J. Beveridge as James, Mr. Weston Greenfield as Solomon Jagger, and Miss Irene Vanbrugh as Lady Spunker, and Miss Marie Tompkins as Fret the maid, all had opportunities for fun and good acting that were demonstratively appreciated by the house—including the Royal box.—"Evening Standard."

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BY THE POUND.

"Under Weight," a condition of ill-health, shows your assimilative powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUND

Supplies the blood with the wanted nourishing and healthy flesh building materials. Very palatable.

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PRICES: \$1.25 and \$2.25.

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at 200 cents per Dollar American.

Butcher Meat.

Beef Sirloin & Prime Cut—Mid Lung Pa	13
Corried—Ham Ngau Yuk	18
Ross—Shiu	18
Breast—Nagu Lam	12
Scap—Tong Yuk	15
Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa	13
Sirloin Coton—Ngau Lan	23
Sausages—Ngau Cheung	20
Gullock's Brains—Know	10
Tongue fresh—Ngau Li	10
Corried—Ham Ngau Yuk	55
Bird—Ngau Tan	80
Heart—Ngau Sun	12
Kidney—Ngau Yiu	9
Tail—Ngau Mei	18
Liver—Ngau Kon	12
Tripe (undressed)—Ngau To	6
Calve Head & Feet—Ngau-chai-tan-kau	21
Slutton Chop—Young Fui Kwai	15
Leg—Young Fui	20
Shoulder—Young Shau	22
Pigs Chittlings—Chu Chong	27
Brains—Chu Know	2
Feet—Chu Kark	12
Chu Chai	3
Head—Chu Tai	13
Heart—Chu Sum	10
Kidneys—Chu Yiu	3
Liver—Chu Chun	24
Pork Chop—Chu Fui Kwai	25
Leg—Chu Poi	27
Pig or Lamb—Chu Yau	24
Chu Tramp Pig's Fry	30
Sheeps' Head and Feet—Young Tai Kark	65
Heart—Young Sun	7
Kidneys—Young Yiu	9
Liver—Young Chun	15
Sucking Pigs, To Order—Chu Chai	29
Suet, Beef—Sang Ngau Yau	13
Mutton—Sang Young Yau	23
Veal—Ngau Chai Yau	18
Sausages—Ngau Chai Cheung	11

Poultry.

Chicken—Kai Chai	34
Capons—Large, small—Sir Kai	34
Ducks—Ap	20
Doves—Pan Kai	20
Eggs—Hen—Kai Tan	20
Fowls, Canton—Kai	15
Hainan—Hoi Nam	32
Geese—Ngai Kai	25
Goose, Wild—Shai—Shang-hoi Yau	10
Mask Duck—Wong Kung	10
Hare, Shanghai—Tu Chai	10
Partridge—Chu Khoo	10
Pheasant—Shan Kai	10
Tigons, Canton—Pak Kup	32
Holow—Hoi How Pak Kup	20
Quail—Um-Chun	20
Rice Birds—Wo Fa Cheur	10
Snipe—So Choy	10
Turkeys—Phor Kai Ling	10
Wild Ducks, Shai—Shang-hoi Sui Ap	10
Teal—Sui Ap Chai	10
Wild Ducks Canton—Sang Shing Sui Ap	10

Fish.

Barbel—Ka Yu	9
Bream—Bin Yu	1
Canton Fresh Water Fish—Hoi Sin Yu	15
Carp—Li Yu	22
Catfish—Chai Yu	20
Codfish—Mau Yu	20
Crobs—Si	22
Cuttle Fish—Mau Yu	18
Dab—Sa Mang Yu	17
Dog—Wong Mei Lau	13
Fish—Tit Tu Se	8
Gila, Conger—Hoi Mann	10
Fresh water—Tam Si Y	16
Yellow—Wong Sin	28
Frog—Tien Kai	32
Gardoupa—Sek Pan	60
Gudoupa—Pak Kip Yu	12
Herrings—Tao Pak	18
Halibut—Cheung Kwan Kip	28
Lebrun—Wong Yu Yu	18
Loach—Wu Yu	28
Lobsters—Lung Ha	40
Mackerel—Chi Yu	12
Monk Fish—Ming Yu	28
Mullet—Chai Yu	24
Oysters—San Co	22
Parrotfish—Kai Kung Yu	10
Perch—Tau Lau	15
Pike—Fa Pau Pong	8
Plaice—Pan Yu	20
Pomfret, Black—Hak Chong	18
Pomfret, White—Pak Chong	22
Prawn—Ming Yu	48
Ray—Pai Pa Se	8
Road Fish—Sak Ha—Zeng	10
Roach—Chun Yu	10

肉食

Salmon—Mau Yau Yu	32
Shark—Sa Yu	10
Skate—Po Yu	10
Shrimps—Ha	28
Snapper—Lap Yu	28
Sole—Tat Sa Yu	24
Tench—Wan Yu	18
Turbot—Cho Hoi Yu	20
Turtles, small, fresh water—Kork Yu	60
White Bait—Ngau Yu Chai	10

Fruits.

Almonds—Hung Yan	10
Apples (California)—Kam San Ping Kho	20
Cherries—Tin Chun Ping Kho	20
Small—Eoi Tong	10
Custard—Fan Lai Chai	10
Bananas, fragrant, Canton—Tin Shing	3
Bananas, (bridge), Macao—San Heng Chai	3
Chestnuts, Chinese—Fong Lau	10
Carambols—Young Tui	10
Cocoanuts—Yeh Tui	11
Lemons, China—King Moong	10
America—Kam San Ning Moong	8
Lichees Dried—Lai Chi, small Stone	10
Fresh—	12
Limes, (Saigon)—Sai Kung Ning Moong	15
Mango, Manila—Lui Sung Mong	20
Portulacas—San Chik Tai	10
Oranges, (Canton)—San Shing Tin Ching	15
Oranges Sweet	10
Pears, (American)—Kam San Shui Tai	10
(Canton), Cooking—Sa Lay	8
Pineapples—Fa Sang	10
Portulacas Large—Hung Chai	10
Pine-apples, 1st quality—Foon Tin Pau Law	10
2nd—Chung-tung Pau Law	8
Plantain—Tai Chou	10
Plums—Swatow, Hung Tai	10
Pumelo, Siam—Chin Lo Yau	10
Shanghai—Lo Kwai	10
Walnuts—Hop Tui	15
Green—Sang Hop Tui	10
Water Melon—Kam San Sai Kwa	4
(China)—Sai Kwa	4
Grapes—Sang Po Tai Tui	10

Vegetables &c.

Artichokes, Shanghai—Sheng-hoi Ah	10
Chai Cheuk	10
Beans, (French), Macao—Oh Moon Pin Tai	20
(French), Shanghai—Sheng Hoi	10
Spinach—Ah Chai	10
Long—Tau Ko	12
Best Root—Hung Chai Tan	10
Brinjals, Green—Ching Yau	8
Red—Hung Koi	8
Cabbage, Chinese, com.—Kai Choy	15
Cabbage Red—Hung Yau Choy	10
Cabbage, Shanghai—Yah Chai	10
Cane Shoots, bunch—Kam Shun	15
Cauliflower, Large size—Tai Yeh Chai	10
Medium size—Cheung Yeh Chai	10
Small size—Sai Yeh Chai	10
Carrots—Kam Shun	10
Colery, Chinese—Tong Kam Chai	10
Enr ich—Young	10
Chillies Dried—Gon Lai Chai	10
Red—Hung Far	10
Green—Ching La Chai	15
Curry Stuff, English—Kai Les Chai	10
Cucumbers—Ching Kwa	10
Bitter Squash—Fa Kwa	10
Carrots—Que Tau	10
Ginger, young—Sun Tai Kung	10
old—Lo Kung	10
Horse Radish—Shai—Lik Kai	10
Indian Corn—Suk Mai	10
Lettuce—Young Sang Chai	10
Water Chestnuts—Ma Tai	10
Mandarin—Kwai Lam Ma Tai	10
Mushrooms, Fresh—Sang Chai Koo	10
Mus Melon, Amer.—Kam San Hong Kwa	10
Okra—	10
Onions, Bombay—Young Chong Tai	10
Green—Sang Chong	10
Shanghai—Shang-hoi Chong Tai	10
Papaw, 1st quality—Tai Min San Kwa	10
2nd—Chun	10
Parley—Kam Chai	10
Peanut—Ching Tai	10
Potato Sweet—Fan Shu	10
Shanghai—Shang-hoi Chong Tai	10
Japan—Yui Poon Shu Tai	10
American—Fa Ki	10
Fochoy—Fook-chow Shu Tai	10
Pumpkin—Tung Kwa	10
Radish—Hung Lo Pau Tai	10
Rhubarb (Fresh)—Tai Won	10
Sage—Tao So	10
Shallots—Gon Chan Tai	10
Sonach—Yin Chai	10
Tomatoes—Fan Tai	10
Taro—Wu Tai	10
Turpots, Punt, (Long)—Lo Pak	10
English—Young Lo Pak	10
Vegetable Marrow—Chit Kwa	10
(Am)—Kam San Chit Kwa	10
Water Cress—Sai Young Chai	10
Lily root—Lai Ngai	10
Yams—Tai Shu	10

The prices necessarily vary from day to day and the Sanitary Board has no power to compel stallholders to sell at the prices quoted.

V. BOWEN FOWLANDS, Secretary, Sanitary Board.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

Watson's D Port. Per Case \$29.80 Per Bottle \$2.50

FINE OLD TAWNY.

Watson's D Sherry. Per Case \$24.80 Per Bottle \$2.05

PALE, FULL BODIED, DRY.

The above high class wines have been very popular throughout the Far East for many years on account of their excellent quality.

THE PIANO MOUTRIE'S

SUPPLY IT

Unrivalled for quality of
TOUCH

GUARANTEED FOR FIVE YEARS.

S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.

Howell's

TELEPHONE 346.

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Summer Underwear

FOR LADIES

Fine Ribbed Lisle Vests

(EXTRA LONG)

Low Necks, Without Sleeves.

\$1.25 Each.

IDEAL FOR SUMMER WEAR

Wm. Powell, Ltd.

THE EDWARD DISPENSARY,
O. KAMMING & Co., Ltd.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICE.

PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY DISPENSED.

Sole Agents, Patent Medicines, etc.

621, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

Medicine, July 31, 1913.

was found possible to so modify the lines of the ship as to reduce the coal bill by 15 per cent. Every model sent indeed has been improved, the minimum rate of improvement being 3 per cent. In other words, the cost of carrying out the tests, according to the scale of fees charged by the National Physical Laboratory, could be recovered by the saving of the coal bill in the first six months of running; in other cases the period is very much less. Considered from the point of view of the balance sheet, a saving of 3 per cent amounting to nearly £200 per annum for every 2,000 horse power developed by the ship's machinery. This is a conservative estimate, based upon the assumption that the ship is steaming for eight months in the year, consuming 1.5 lb. of coal per indicated horse-power, and that the price of coal is 15s. per ton. It should be understood also that this gain is effected in most cases no reduction in the carrying power and no increase in the dimensions of the ship. No shipowner can afford to allow such an opportunity of increasing profits or reducing charges to remain neglected, and it is satisfactory to know that the National Tank is busy with the testing of models of new ships of the huller carrying type about to be built. The short time required to enable such experiments to be made and the fact that the tests can be carried out without the preparation of detail plans for the ship are important alike to owner and builder, as the modifications in form which the experiments suggest can be made without affecting any of the preconceived ideas regarding internal or other arrangements, based upon the experience of ship-builder or shipowner. Just as the testing of shipbuilding materials is now a recognised factor in the efficiency of shipbuilding, and has a definite place in every ship specification, so should the inclusion of model tests in every contract be a reasonable and proper means of attaining efficiency in propulsion, if the main idea of profit-making is to have full and dominant consideration.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Today's return reports four cases of plague.

The silk shipped from Hongkong by R.M.S. Empress of Japan on 2nd July reached New York on the 19th July.

The fee for the Infantry Training to the Volunteers will be continued at 5.30 p.m. to-night.

Monday, the 4th proximo, being a Bank holiday, all local Bank and Insurance offices will be closed on that day for transaction of public business.

The management of the Kowloon Canton Railway are running an additional train to the Fanning Gull Links on Monday, 4th proximo. The train leaves Kowloon at 8.35 a.m. and calls at Tai-po at 9 a.m.

We are informed that the 4 mile swimming championship of the Colony which has been postponed twice, will take place at 6.15 p.m. to-morrow evening (weather permitting) outside the wall of the V.R.C. There will be no charge for admittance and the public are cordially invited to attend. The following have entered for the contest: Messrs A. A. Oxlton, C. J. Cook, J. C. Finch, P. Farmer, D. C. L. L., Messrs R. Lee, L. R. C. Bous, and Sapper Wright, R.F.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Mr. P. C. Potts, Share and General Broker, Victoria Building, informs us that he has received the following quotations of Shares by cable from London this morning:

Shells (Barren)	25. 8. 6	Boycen
Ural Caspian	2. 10. 3	
Mexican Eagles	2. 7. 4	
Fishing Consolidated	8. 3	
Traffic	2. 17. 6	Middle price.
Indes (Combined)	8. 7. 6	
Electric Trams	7. 3	

The improvement of the road exit from London was fore-shadowed by Mr. Lloyd George at the last sitting of the International Road Congress. It is hoped, however, that the Government will place the road within control and perhaps save a life, or at least a doctor's bill. For sale by all Chemists and Bookshops.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR FAMILY. WHEN you fail to provide your family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at this season of the year, you are neglecting them, as bowel complaint is sure to be prevalent, and it is too dangerous a malady to be trifled with. This is especially true if there are children in the family. A dose of this remedy will place the trouble within control and perhaps save a life, or at least a doctor's bill. For sale by all Chemists and Bookshops.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Legislative Council was held this afternoon, H.E. Sir Henry May, K.C.M.G., presiding. There were also present:

H.E. the General Officer Commanding the Troops, Major General F. H. Kelly, C.B.

The Hon. Mr. A. M. Thomson, Colonial Secretary.

The Hon. Mr. J. A. S. Ducknill, K.O. Attorney General.

The Hon. Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher, Colonial Treasurer.

The Hon. Mr. W. CHATHAM, C.M.G., Director of Public Works.

The Hon. Mr. E. R. Halliday, Registrar General.

The Hon. Mr. C. McI. Messin, Captain Superintendent of Police.

The Hon. Sir Kai Ho Kai, Kt., M.D., C.M.G.

The Hon. Mr. Wai Yui, C.M.G.

Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewitt, C.M.G.

The Hon. Mr. C. MONTAGUE ROSE.

The Hon. Mr. E. SULLIVAN.

The Hon. Mr. DAVID LAMBALL.

Mr. O. CLEMENTI, Clerk of Councils.

TAKING THE OATH.

H.E. Sir F. H. Kelly, C.B., took the oath of allegiance on assuming his seat on the Council.

NOVOT-KOK-TSUI REFUGE.

By command of H.E. the Governor a diagram and statement were laid before the Council showing the progress of the construction of the Mong kok tsui typhoon refuge breakwater. The contract price of the work, which is to be completed within five years from October 27, 1910, is \$2,018,000 including extras, and the amount earned by the contractor on work actually accomplished \$1,069,651, including a sum retained by Government under the provisions of the contract. The average area of the mass of stone of the breakwater is 4,700 square feet, and the area of stone deposited up to June 30 this year 3,773 square feet.

The Hon. Colonial Secretary said he was sure the members would be pleased with the progress which had been made with this refuge.

He was much struck on his return to the Colony after an absence of eight months to see that the whole of the structure was well above the water level and had already provided a refuge during this typhoon season.

EXPLOSIVES BILL.

The Hon. Attorney-General, moving the second reading of the Ordinance to amend the law relating to explosive substances, explained the sections at length. He stated that the provisions of the Bill, which makes it a penal offence to be possession of or to use explosives with the object of endangering life, had been copied verbatim from the English Act, which had been in force since 1881.

The Bill was read a second time, considered in committee, and afterwards passed by the Council.

REGULATION OF CHINESE ORDINANCE.

The objects and reasons of a Bill to amend the Regulation of Chinese Ordinance, 1888, introduced by the Hon. Attorney-General, were stated to be the facilitating of the proper registration of householders. Neglect in registration has been, it is thought, due in the past largely to the fact that certain fees were charged in connection therewith. By section 3 of the Bill all such fees except that for a bond for a non-resident householder, will be done away with. No charge will in future be made in connection with the registration of any house and householder, or change of ownership, or removal of a registered householder. It is hoped that by thus doing away with these fees the practice of registration will be rendered more universal than has been the case in the past, especially when coupled as is now proposed with a closer system of supervision of the working of the law. The other points dealt with in the Bill is the increase of the penalty capable of being inflicted in the case of offences against the provisions of the Principal Ordinance; which would include failure to carry out the requirements relative to registration which the Principal Ordinance demands. The Bill was read a first time.

AMENDMENT SURVEYING ORDINANCE.

A Bill entitled an Ordinance to amend the Merchant Shipping Ordinance, 1899, as introduced by the Hon. Attorney-General and read a first time.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The Finance Committee, which met after the Council meeting, considered a financial recommendation for a vote of \$15,000 in aid of Public Works, referred by the Council for consideration. The total was made up of \$6,000 for dredging the foreshores of Hongkong and \$9,000 for repairing typhoon and windstorm damages in the New Territories.

The Director of Public Works stated that the dredger was actually hired for a certain time each year by private persons, who of course paid all expenses, but as during the current year there was no such hiring the vessel had been more largely employed in the Colony. Some heavy repairs had also been necessary. With regard to the other item, "excesses," since in June had for that he would still be in custody.

Mr. Hind, continuing, said the fact that the insurance company concerned, the Wa Shing, had paid the \$40,000, was subsequently advertised, and afterwards paid off \$200, which he refused.

The case was proceeding when we went to Press.

CAN YOU AFFORD THE RISK. WHERE you are seized with a severe attack of cramp, cold, or diarrhoea, without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house, I don't take such a risk. A dose of two will cure you before a doctor could possibly be called, and a severe fall even in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale by all Chemists and Bookshops.

THE TYPHOON.

Immediately the red Typhoon cones were taken down at nine o'clock yesterday morning indications of a depression increased, the barometer falling very rapidly to an abnormally low figure. Between nine and four p.m. the glass fell from 29.47 to 29.38, and the fall was even more pronounced later in the day.

The sampan and junk people anticipated a blow and after fifteen a large number of small craft moved off to the vicinity of the typhoon shelter.

Shortly after the signals were taken down a Manila telegram reported a typhoon in about 118 deg. Long E., 20 deg. Lat. N., and a message at 8 o'clock read Cyclone or typhoon near or over the Southern part of Formosa moving N. N. W. or N.

This morning signals indicating a typhoon to the North-east of the Colony, less than 300 miles distant, were flying; before noon the east cone was taken down. There have been heavy squalls all day and early this morning the Star ferries ran without awnings.

TYPHOON WARNING.

The following telegram was received last evening at the American Consulate General:

Cyclone or typhoon near or over the southern part of Formosa Channel moving N. N. W. or N.

ARSON ALLEGED.

Sequel to a Canton Fire.

CHINESE DOCTOR'S CLAIM.

In the Summary Court this morning, before the Police Judge, Mr. Justice Kemp, an action was heard in which a Chinese doctor of medicine Ip Sak Sam, said the Po Wa Insurance Company Ltd., of 84, Nathan Street, East, to recover \$1000, under a policy of fire insurance for \$700 upon his house at Canton, and \$500 on fixtures, in consideration of which he paid a premium of \$25. The policy ran May 24, 1910, to May 24, 1911.

In the statement of defence defendants admitted the policy, the amount insured, and the premium paid, but denied that at the time of the fire plaintiff had any interest in the house. They admitted the damage by fire, but not to the full extent of the claim, and further said that plaintiff failed to give notice of the fire within the proper time limit, and that the insurance company's agent was guilty of fraud in not paying the claim.

Mr. W. B. Hind, of Messrs. Braddon and Hest, appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. P. W. Goldring, of Messrs. Goldring and Rose, was for the defendant company.

Mr. Hind said the plaintiff, who now practices in Kowloon, was formerly in practice in this house where the fire took place, which he leased, and upon which he had spent \$1160 in rebuilding; this showed his interest in the premises. The insurance was effected in Hongkong, a fact which might or might not become material to the claim. The fire broke out on September 15, 1910, during the plaintiff's absence in Kowloon, originating in an adjoining house and destroying in all five houses.

The day after the fire plaintiff's agent verbally notified defendant's agent in Canton and wrote to plaintiff on whose instructions the contractor who built the house examined the remains. Defendant's agent in Canton said he could not pay the claim without instructions, so he saw the agent at the Hongkong office, and after a long and arduous day he held they informed him that they would not pay until they knew the result of the prosecution for arson of a partner in a firm of copying adjoining premises. This partner was subsequently released, but defendant would not satisfy the claim.

Mr. Goldring observed that the partner, Mah Kit, of the Sai Wo Tong, was discharged on account of the Revolution, but for that he would still be in custody.

Mr. Hind, continuing, said the fact that the insurance company concerned, the Wa Shing, had paid the \$40,000, was subsequently advertised, and afterwards paid off \$200, which he refused.

The case was proceeding when we went to Press.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT AND THE REVOLT.

Mr. T. P. Millard, Editor of the China Press, has had an interview with General Li Yuan Hung, Vice-President of the Republic and Commander-in-Chief of the Forces at Woosung, in which General Li is stated to have said:

"The present rebellion is founded on nothing but the personal ambitions of certain men."

"To attempt to change the administration by an armed rebellion is more than foolish—it is wicked."

The principal persons responsible for this rebellion are Huang Hsing and Sun Yat Sen.

Hardly was the Republic formed than they began to scheme to get Yuen Shih Kai out of office.

They have never supported Yuen Shih Kai sincerely.

"I do not think the rebellion could have been started without foreign help."

"Sun Yat Sen had nothing to do with the actual work of overthrowing the monarchy. The revolution was finished when he reached China. The world has a false idea about him."

If Sun Yat Sen provided any tangible aid to the real revolution I did not know of it.

The least said about Huang Hsing's military services to the revolution is the better.

That crowd squeezed \$600,000,000 while it controlled the Nanking Provisional Government.

They had a time for mobilization, a time for defence, a time for moderation, a time for firmness, and finally, a time for stern repression of certain cities against the State.

The Foreign Settlements undoubtedly afford a refuge for conspirators without which they would find it impossible to operate with success. It seems to me that the Powers could find a means to prevent the Settlements being used as a base for rebellion against the Government of China if they really wished to do so.

One hardly can help feeling, at times, that some Powers do not really want the Republic to succeed.

Complete recognition of the Republic would help to prevent rebellion.

A prolongation of this rebellion may destroy the Nation.

THE REVOLT.

DR. SUN AND WONG HING LEAVE SHANGHAI.

ARRIVING IN HONGKONG ON AUGUST 3.

SZECHUAN, YUNNAN AND KWELICHOW FAVOUR THE NORTH.

THE NORTH.

RE-INFORCEMENTS FOR THE NORTH.

The Tutuhs of Yunnan, Szechuan, and Kwelichow have promised to send reinforcements to assist the Northern troops.

LOANS FOR THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT.

It is rumoured that Germany and America have promised to give loans to the Central Government.

FLIGHT OF KANSU'S TUTUH.

Chao Ki-Mei, the Tutuh of Kansu, recently appointed by the Northern army, seeing that there was no hope of success, has fled.

WOOSUNG BOMBARDMENT.

Both the navy and military have combined to bombard the Woosung Fort. It is believed that the Fort will be surrendered soon.

DR. SUN AND WONG-HING LEAVE SHANGHAI.

Dr. Sun Yat Sen and Wong Hing left Shanghai this morning for Hongkong on a Japanese vessel. They are due to arrive here on the 3rd August.

WONG HING'S PROTECTORS.

It is still rumoured that Wong Hing, since leaving Nanking, was concealed on board a Japanese warship.

4,000 MORE NORTHERN TROOPS.

Hankow's correspondent at Shanghai telegraphs that the Northern troops have been reinforced by 4,000 soldiers, and that the three cruisers which arrived in the Yangtze have landed troops twenty miles below Woosung, the bombardment of which has been inexplicably delayed.

CROWDING INTO SHANGHAI.

Refugees are crowding into Shanghai.

SHANGHAI CONSULS' PROTEST.

The Consuls have protested to the Chinese admiral against landing over Shanghai.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT AND THE REVOLT.

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THE STRENGTH OF THE KIANGSI ARMY.

NORTHERN GENERAL CAPTURED BY MEN.

With reference to the strength of the Kiangsi army, it is stated that it consists of three divisions, each of which is sup-

posed to have a strength of 15,000 men. The 1st division is under the command of O-Yang Wu and has undoubtedly the full number of men. Ex-Tutu Li is co-operating with this division.

The 2nd division is under General Liu Shih-shun and is not at full strength. General Liu has his headquarters in Hsinking, although the city is in the possession of Northern troops. On 12th July 3,000 of General Liu's troops killed their leader, Chao Fikai, and went over to the Northern army. They entered the city by the East Gate, headed by the city band, and were received by General Kuo, the Northern General. Liu was in the city at the time and later visited General Kuo. It is believed that General Liu has been bribed by the Northern army. Chao Fikai was a Szechuan man and a brave soldier. He was a vigorous supporter of the Southern cause.

The 3rd division of the Kiangsi army under General Tsai San, is at Kanchow in the extreme south of the province. This division is considerably short of the required number of men and is far from the field of action.

General Long Chu, commander of the Southern troops from Pukou, is reported to have been killed at Likwei, where the rebels were driven back yesterday with considerable losses.

PESSIMISM IN LONDON.

The revolution in South China is most pessimistically considered here. Nearly all correspondents state that the present crisis is one of the greatest importance.

"The Times" says that, in spite of all errors, President Yuan Shih-kai is the only man who can prevent a break-up of China.

THE C.M. SHIPS IN TROUBLE.

The revolt has resulted in complete dislocation of the China Merchants' Company's steamer service on the Yangtze. The Company has received news that its vessels from down river are being wrecked from passing the Hukow forts. The reason is doubtless that the Company's steamers are likely to be used as transports, like the Kiangwan, which is running troops between Hankow and Kiukiang.

JAPANESE IN SOUTH SEAS.

The first-class Japanese gun-boat Yoda, which left Sasebo on March 2 of this year for the South Sea Islands, has returned to the naval port after visiting the Dutch Indies, Borneo, the Philippines and other parts, having covered over 11,000 nautical miles.

Commander Hosaka, commander of the gun-boat, is quoted as saying that the vessel was dispatched with the object of carrying out an inspection of the South Sea Islands, at the same time to eradicate the misunderstandings, entertained by the authorities and people in those islands, concerning the attitude of Japan, as well as to promote friendship with them. In the 8th of the islands, the people declare that a Japanese proprietor of a barber's shop was suddenly appointed an officer during the Russo-Japanese war, and proceeded to the front, and since that time they have regarded all Japanese as valiant soldiers, as military spies.

Such a misunderstanding had been cleared as a result of the visit of the gun-boat. The visit had also exercised the effect of moderating the feeling of Chinese in Java against Japan.

The gun boat was enthusiastically welcomed by the Philippines, probably in return for the recovery according to the American flag in Japan. Regarding the Californian question, some of the natives asked the crew of the gun-boat when the war would break out between Japan and America. "However, they were at ease when told that the next time between Japan and America will remain friendly. In the Philippines, most of the Japanese are engaged in pearl fishing and others in selling merchandise in the Dutch colonies, the greater part of the northern part of the islands are in the hands of the natives.

Misunderstandings are apt to occur between Japanese and natives owing to the ignorance of Japanese of native languages. As he therefore, advised for them who proceed to these districts, to learn the native language. The commander states that the South Sea Islands form suitable colonies for Japanese, and desire that persons with some capital and occupation will proceed there.

In connection with the above, a Sydney N.S.W. dispatch says the Japanese and Chinese are colonizing the New Hebrides in large numbers. These islands lie due east of the northern part of Australia, and almost due west of the Fiji group, which are British, and southwest of the Solomon Islands, also British. There are about equivalent from Australia and New Hebrides, the distance being between 900 and 1,000 miles. The dispatch is not correct in saying that the islands belong to France. They are under the joint control of Great Britain and France. The area of the New Hebrides is not very large, but they would doubtless support a large number of Oriental people. It is not easy to see what can be done to prevent the movement of the Japanese and the Chinese to the British Government should undertake to prevent the Japanese in these islands, a very unpleasant condition would almost certainly arise, and the Anglo-Japanese Alliance might be endangered.

It is a very interesting thing to see the Anglo-Japanese Alliance in the hands of the British Government to use the position that Japanese and Chinese may not enter such territory as the new Hebrides.

GURDUA'S VOYAGE TO REASSURE NATIVES.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

GOODWOOD CUP.

PROBABLES, JOCKEYS AND WEIGHTS.

LONDON, July 31.
Princes Palatine, Saxby, 10-0; Jackdaw—9-7; Catmint, Maher, 9-3; Rivoli, Wootton, 9-3; Aleppo, Clark, 9-3; Lance Chest, Walter Griggs, 9-3; Cavalry, Greening, 8-0.

RESULT OF THE GOODWOOD PLATE.

LONDON, July 31.
The result of the Goodwood Plate (2 miles) ran yesterday is:—
Washing Day 1
Bundock 2
Carnock 3
Ten ran; two lengths divided first and second; three lengths second and third.

THE BALKAN STRIFE.

The Balkan Conference.

SOFIA ISOLATED.

LONDON, July 30.

The Armies have cut all the railways around Sofia. The Bulgarian troops are concentrated in the capital, and the inhabitants are threatened with famine. Bulgaria has asked Rumania's consent to open the Varna line and obtain provisions, and it is expected that Rumania will acquiesce.

ALBANIA TO BE GOVERNED BY A PRINCE.

The Conference of Ambassadors has agreed regarding Albania, which will be governed by a Prince, to be appointed at the end of the half-year. Meanwhile a Commission, consisting of a representative of each Power, and one Albanian, will enquire on the spot into the best means for the reorganisation of the administration. It has been decided that the gendarmerie shall be under Swedish officers.

THE BUKHAREST CONFERENCE.

The delegates at the Conference at Bukharest were to hold a preliminary meeting on Wednesday. It is understood that all the delegates possess full powers to conclude a definite peace, but it is believed that the question of an immediate cessation of hostilities will cause a divergence of opinion. The Greeks and Serbian representatives decline to sign the armistice, pending Bulgaria's acceptance of their terms. It is expected that the Peace Conference will be promoted. Rumania will probably support Bulgaria in demanding the immediate suspension of hostilities.

GREEK PREMIER'S OPINION.

M. Venizelos, during the course of an interview with a Pressman, insisted on Kavalla, a former Turkish support in the Aegean Sea, remaining Greek. The Greek Fleet has occupied the ports of Lagos, Maroneia, and Makri on the coast of Thrace.

THE TURKS AND ADRIANOPLE.

A message from Constantinople states that the Turkish Crown Prince has arrived at Adrianople, and that a state reception of the civil, military and religious authorities was held. Replying to an address of welcome in the Municipal Building, the Crown Prince thanked the Almighty that the second capital of the Empire had been reconquered by the valor of the army. At a mass meeting held in the afternoon a resolution was carried expressing a desire that the population should remain under Ottoman rule.

AFRICAN KING'S PROMISE TO INCREASE THE SUPPLY OF COTTON.

LONDON, July 30.

The King of Uganda was the guest of the British Cotton-Growing Association at Manchester, and in the course of a speech at the banquet he said he would do his utmost on his return home to increase the supply of cotton.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE BRITISH NAVAL MANOEUVRES.

LONDON, July 31.

The manoeuvres have not finished, the fleets having only come to ports for coal, before resuming to-morrow. The troops have been landed, as it is believed that there will be no more raids on the coast.

SOUTH AFRICAN IMMIGRATION BILL.

LONDON, July 31.

In the House of Lords, Lord Amthill drew attention to the South African Immigration Bill, which is to become law on August 1, and requested the Imperial Parliament to ask the South African Union to suspend its operation till it had been amended more satisfactorily to the Indians in South Africa and would be less injurious to British prestige in India.

Lord Crews added that the Imperial Parliament had considered that the balance of improvement was such as to make it inadvisable to refuse the Bill. He doubted if ever it were wise to force the white voters of a community like that of South Africa to adopt a policy with regard to another race which they hated.

Lord Curzon said the Indians did not claim more rights of migration than they at present enjoyed and were prepared to make concessions to obtain easier conditions in South Africa.

Lord Amthill urged that the Government telegraph to South Africa, freely and firmly the conditions acceptable in this matter of Imperial importance.

Lord Sydenham appealed to the Union to treat the Indians sympathetically.

Lord Crews said he was quite sure that Sir Lewis Botha, and Messrs. Smuts and Fischer keenly desired to meet the Indians as far as public opinion in South Africa would allow them. Lord Gladstone, he added, had done his best to place the Indian claims in the fullest and fairest light.

TIBETAN AFFAIRS.

RUSSIA AND THE DORJIEFF TREATY.

LONDON, July 30.

With reference to Lord Crews's statement concerning a Mongolian-Tibetan agreement, it is semi-officially declared in St. Petersburg that the treaty signed by Dorjief on behalf of the Dalai Lama was concluded without intervention, or without even the knowledge of the Russian Government.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN MINING TROUBLE.

DESPATCH FROM LORD GLADSTONE.

LONDON, July 30.

A Parliamentary Paper, which has just been issued, comprises a despatch from Lord Gladstone, the Governor-General, to Mr. Lewis Harcourt, Secretary for the Colonies, in regard to the recent trouble among the miners at Johannesburg. The despatch concludes by declaring that in view of the unreliability of the local forces, the urgency of the situation, the danger of a native outbreak, and the formidable number of criminal and disorderly classes in Johannesburg, he did not hesitate to accede to the urgent demands of the Union Government for troops. If sent at all, it was necessary to send them in strength. The Imperial troops saved the situation, not only by service excellently rendered, but by adding greatly to the effectiveness of the police. It was certain that the loss of life would have been much higher, but for the presence of the troops, for if the inadequate forces of the Union had been left to deal with the situation there would have been wholesale destruction of life and property.

AZON TYPE NOT NECESSARY.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy needs no glaring headlines to attract the public eye. The simple statement that all chemists sell it is sufficient, as every family knows its value. It has been used for forty years and is just what its name implies. For sale by all Chemists and Dispensaries.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

ENGLISH COUNTY CRICKET.

LATEST RESULTS.

LONDON, July 31.

Northamptonshire defeated Somerset at Bath by 204 runs. Last year Northants won by 283 runs.

The match between Hampshire and Nottingham ended in a draw. No match last year.

Surrey defeated Yorkshire at Hull by 57 runs. Last year's match was abandoned.

JAPAN AND CALIFORNIA.

LONDON, June 31.

A telegram from Tokyo states that it has now been acknowledged that the American reply on the Californian land question is unsatisfactory to Japan, who intends shortly to send a third Note to Washington. Meanwhile, the Yokohama Specie Bank is arranging loans for Japanese desiring to purchase property in California before the Land Act comes into force.

SPORTING.

Croquet Tournament.

The Anglo-Swiss Condensed Milk Co. has presented a handsome trophy for the open croquet championship in connection with the Hongkong Cricket Club and Mr. C. A. G. G. will have put up a prize for the singles handicap. Entries are wanted, and close on Saturday. The championship prize is on view in Messrs. Gump's window.

YOUNG FOREIGNER COMMITS SUICIDE AT OSAKA.

Mr. A. A. Russell, an actor employed at the Imperial Theatre (Teikoku Gekko) at Osaka, committed suicide on July 15, by jumping into a river from the Tamino bridge in Osaka. The deceased was twenty-three years of age. His father, an English merchant, came to Japan in the early days of the Meiji era, and was in business in Kobe but died with the son still in his infancy. The lad and his two sisters were brought up under the sole care of the mother. Several years ago the family removed to Shanghai, but Mr. Russell, who was very fond of Kobe, soon came back and was employed by a foreign firm there.

His mother was a once an actress and enjoyed some measure of success on the Japanese stage. Inheriting this gift from his mother, the lad took to the stage with a desire to make his reputation in Japanese theatricals, and, resigning his post in July last, he joined the Teikoku Office in Osaka, asking that he be introduced to some well-known Japanese actor. He was at last introduced to Kishiro, Matsunosuke, a prominent actor of the Teikoku Office, and, under his young master's guidance, made good progress with his studies, and last month he had the satisfaction of appearing for the first time on the stage. His stage name was Hideo Matsunosuke. He was a very handsome lad, and a close friend of the son of the actor at Shanghai, the news of his mother's death. This greatly depressed him. On the 10th instant, he disappeared suddenly. Kishiro, his instructor, and other friends instituted a search, but were unable to find him. The youth had put an end to what promised to be a bright career.

MAGIC CUP OF TEA.

TACT OF A WAR OFFICE CLERK.

With charming tact a War Office clerk has dealt with a crisis. When several hundred women employees of the Army Clothing Department, Plymouth, who are on strike, marched full of indignation to see Colonel Seely, their deputation of six women was immediately offered cups of refreshing tea.

The women are on strike as a protest against a reduction of 2d. in the piece rates for jackets—fr. m. 2s. 11d. to 2s. 9d. The deputation was shown into an ante-room, and the War Office clerk, who ought to have been in the Diplomatic Service, entered and suggested that they might like a little refreshment—for instance, a cup of tea. The effect was instantaneous. These women, who were with water feelings against the War Office, relaxed into smiles. Anger subsided, and when a few minutes later cups of tea were served the deputation's opinion of the War Office had undergone a change.

The women, who were waiting outside next to the entrance, their new smiling deputation taking tea. At this stage the postulated the anxious strikers to wait round the corner.

Presently, refreshed and still smiling, the deputation came out. Mr. Butler, the secretary of their union, had seen Colonel Seely's secretary, who said that the Secretary of State for War on his return to London would go into the whole matter. One of the deputation remarked, "They were not so bad after all."

Reading and investigation of their case by the War Office, the strikers decided to resume work.

JOINER TO PASTOR.

The Rev. William Spirey, who died at Colne, recently at the age of seventy-four, began life as a joiner, and entered the Primitive Methodist ministry when he broke his arm. He completed fifty years' services as a minister last September.

DEPARTURE OF MAJOR-GENERAL ANDERSON.

A large number of Colonial officials and officers of the Garrison assembled at Murray Pier this afternoon to bid farewell to Major-General Anderson, C.B., who leaves on relinquishing the Command of the Forces in South China to take over that of the 7th (Meerut) Division in India.

The band of the D.C.L.I. was in attendance and played lively airs while General Anderson was shaking hands with his friends, and as he went on board the Government launch Victoria it struck up "Auld Lang Syne." Hearty cheers were raised as the launch steamed out to the H.M. boat Jelapang, by which Major-General Anderson and his A.D.C., Capt. R. de L. Brooch, 12th Baluchistan Infantry, travel.

Among those noticed at the pier were H.E. Sir F. H. May, K.C.M.G., H.E. Major-General F. H. Kelly, C.B., Commanding Forces in South China, the Bishop of Victoria, Colonel St. John, the Chief Justice, Sir William Rees Davies, K.C., Mr. Claudio Severn, Colonial Secretary, Mr. G. Lecher, French Consul, Dr. Von Wisner, Austrian Consul, Dr. Crull, Acting German Consul, Hon. Mr. E. Shollim, Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewitt, Colonel Youmans, Major J. Barrett, Major Fitzwilliams, Major Bowen, Capt. Wood, Capt. James, Capt. Armstrong, Capt. Gerrard, Lieut. Beattie, Hon. Mr. J. A. S. Bucknill, K.C., Attorney-General, Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Mr. C. Clement, Mr. Fletcher, Mr. C. A. Tomes, Mr. R. M. Dyer, Mr. G. Eldkins, Mr. H. E. White, and a number of ladies.

EX-SULTAN IN LONDON.

Abdul Aziz Without a Wife.

Mania for Planes and Mangles.

A tall, athletic-looking Moor, attired in a dark, hooded burnous (robe), and accompanied by a picturesque group of Orientals, stepped off the tender of the P. and O. liner Mooltan, at Plymouth recently and gazed with indolent interest about him. It was Abdul Aziz, the ex-Sultan of Morocco, on his first visit to England.

He was the most picturesque of Eastern monarchs until a rebellion swept him in 1908 from his throne, which was seized by his brother, Moulay Hafid, who has since abdicated in his turn. Ascending the throne in 1908 when only fifteen years old, Abdul Aziz, a weak and gentle character, was powerless to check the slow decay of the ancient empire of Morocco, which finally caused him to drop the whip fruit, into the hands of the French. The ex-Sultan has not a single wife with him, though he need keep many hundreds.

Modern-minded in many respects, among the most barbarous surroundings, his married estate for novelty led him to waste enormous sums of money on buying up the most heterogeneous collection of objects imaginable. He was a passionate amateur photographer, and cameras of solid gold. He was a devotee of such modern inventions as the cinematograph and the bicycle, and stocked his subjects by being photographed with his "wheel."

Bicycle "stecclecase" over a course laid out with plants in his palace courtyard was one of his hobbies. Grand pianos, perambulators, sewing machines, billiard tables, mangles, and churns were among the vast stock of rusting and mouldering objects found in his palace after his departure to retirement at Tangier.

Though shorn of his Empire and his proud titles of Sultan of Fez, Taflek, Marakesh and Sog, and Lord of the Faithful of the Farthest West, Abdul Aziz still preserves great majesty of mind and deportment. Though he has never been in London he is not unacquainted with its external from the cinematograph film of London scenes which he had sent to him at his palace in Fez.

RAID MACLEAN'S WELCOME. The ex-Sultan, who boarded the Mooltan at Gibraltar on June 24 apparently in some haste to judge by the small quantity of baggage he has brought with him, was met at Plymouth by Reid Sir Harry Maclean, who was formerly a colonel of the Sultan's Bodyguard, and who is one of his Majesty's oldest friends. Their meeting was extremely cordial, and during his stay in England Abdul Aziz will be under the guidance of Sir Harry Maclean, who was his companion in all his expeditions and campaigns.

The object of the ex-Sultan's visit is to make himself acquainted with the habits and customs of England, and Reid Maclean, asked if Abdul Aziz intended to try to regain his lost throne, declared that the ex-Sultan would not return to power even if he could. According to Sir Harry Maclean, Abdul Aziz, subsequently, accompanied by train to London, where he occupies a suite at a recently opened and luxurious private hotel.

JAPANESE MILITARY OFFICER'S "MISSION" TO CHINA.

Major-General G. Shiba, of the artillery, will in a few days, at the Japan Gazette of the 21st, inst. proceed to South China on a mission to inspect the military situation in the Yangtze Valley.

CAUSES AND CURE FOR DIARRHOEA.

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PRETTY GIRL FESTIVAL.

Winsome Faces and a Gay Madley at Henley.

"Henley," said a foreigner, looking round enraptured upon the gay madley of boats packed closely together along the course, "it is all that I had heard it was, and it is something more—it is the festival of pretty girls."

Nowhere, in truth, can so many winsome faces, so many trim figures, so many rounded arms and dainty ankles be seen as on the river these four days. Everything conspires to show them off to perfection. Putting and paddling are both most becoming; sitting in a boat is a most attractive pose. The glitter and glamour of the water carnival make bright eyes sparkle with an extra brightness. The sun gaily burns a fascinating flush into every cheek.

Another thing the foreigner noticed. This was the appropriateness of everyone's (or almost everyone's) clothes. "No people are like the English in knowing how to dress suitably for every occasion," he sighed. "Of course there was the usual sterner wig, having once gone to the Eton and Harrow match in flannels, required to make no further errors of the kind and so come to Henley in silk hat and tail coat. Of course there were some bold and some over-elaborate clothes."

HONEYMOON AT KNOLE.

Mrs. Joseph Stuckey, of New York, was married to Prince Dyon de Falcigny-Lucigny de Chardonnois, Earl of North-Western France, at Westminster Cathedral, recently.

The honeymoon is being spent at Knole, Sevenoaks, the Kentish seat of Lord and Lady Backville, who are at present the defendants in the sensational will case of the late Sir John Murray Scott.

EIGHTEEN CHILDREN AT 34.

In a case at Lancaster Quarter Sessions recently, in which Lizzie Ann Nicholson, thirty-four, married woman, of 34, Dalton-gate, Ulverston, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for obtaining clothing by false pretences from Edward Greenwood, a clothier, of Farnley, York.

Barrow. It was stated that she had been married seventeen years, had had eighteen children, of whom four survived, and was back at the time of the alleged offence and had since died.

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SHANGHAI	DELTA	5 a.m.	Freight and Passenger
KANPONG, VIA SINGAPORE	ASSAYE	Noon, 2nd	See Special
LONDON & ANTWERP	Capt. G.J. Coldwell	Aug. 2	Advertisement
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Sept. 13.....PERSIA	Sept. 22	Sept. 14.....MONGOLIA	Sept. 16
Sept. 20.....KOREA	Sept. 29	Sept. 21.....PERSIA	Sept. 23
Oct. 1.....SIBERIA	Oct. 10	Oct. 22.....SIBERIA	Oct. 24
Oct. 8.....NILE	Oct. 17	Oct. 29.....MONGOLIA	Oct. 31

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NIPPON MARU	A. G. STEVEN	TUESDAY, 19th AUG., at Noon
TENYO MARU	E. BERT	MONDAY, 1st SEPT., at Noon
HONGKONG MARU	S. T. TONG	FRIDAY, 19th SEPT., at Noon
SHINYO MARU	H. S. SMITH	THURSDAY, 26th SEPT., at Noon

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MANILA	LONGKANG	SATURDAY, Aug. 2, at 2 p.m.
SHANGHAI	HONGKANG	SUNDAY, Aug. 3, Daylight
TIENTSIN	CHIHANG	TUESDAY, Aug. 5, at Noon
SHANGHAI, KOBE & MOJI	KUITSANG	WEDNESDAY, Aug. 6, at Noon
CHINWANGTAO	HOPKANG	FRIDAY, Aug. 8, at Noon
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	NAMSANG	FRIDAY, Aug. 8, at 2 p.m.
MANILA	YUENSANG	SATURDAY, Aug. 9, at 2 p.m.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN. (Occupying 24 days).

The steamers Kuitang, Namsang & Yuenang leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Japan, returning via Kobe (Friday) and Moji to Hongkong.

These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

NEW SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN YOKOHAMA, KOBE, HONGKONG & RANGOON.

EASTWARD

The S.S. FULTALA, 4154 tons gross, Capt. Chidly, will be despatched for Yokohama, Kobe and Moji on the 22nd August at 4 p.m., taking cargo and passengers at current rates.

For Freight & Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., Agents.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE).

Destination	Steamers	Date of Departure
LONDON, HULL/LEITH AND ROTTERDAM	'MONMOUTHSHIRE'	on 6th August
LONDON, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP	'FALLS OF ORCHY'	on 21st August

NEW TRANS-PACIFIC 'SHIRE' AND 'GLEN' JOINT SERVICE.

VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA & PORTLAND... DEN OF CROMBIE... about 24th August.

VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA & PORTLAND... DEN OF GLAMIS... about 21st Sept.

Cargo shipped on through Bills of Lading to all the principal destinations in Europe, and North and South America.

For further particulars, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., Agents.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE.

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN CALCUTTA, STRAITS, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

S.S. G. APCAR, 4,400 tons, Captain Drake, will be despatched for SHANGHAI, KOBE and MOJI on 10th August.

WESTWARD.

S.S. A. APCAR, 4,400 tons, Captain Walker, will be despatched as above on 10th August.

The above Steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DAVID BASSOON & CO., LTD., AGENTS.

SHIPPING

STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, LONDON AND AFRICAN PORTS.

Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

The Steamship ASSAITE, Captain G.J. Coldwell, carrying His Majesty's Mail will be despatched from this port for BOMBAY, on SATURDAY, the 2nd Aug., 1913, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above ports in connection with the Company's Steamship Malaga from Colombo, Passengers' accommodation in which vessel is secured before departure from Hongkong.

Suez and Valuable, and Tea and Cargo for France, and London (under arrangement) will be shipped at Colombo before the mail steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles & London; other cargo for London, etc., will be conveyed via Bombay in the s.s. Calcutta due in London on the 14th September, 1913.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 4 p.m. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.

For further particulars, apply to E. A. HERWETT, Superintendent.

Hongkong, July 19, 1913.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITIMI.

DIRECT STEAM FOR GENOA, NAPLES, LEGHORN, BOMBAY AND PORT SAID VIA SINGAPORE (Without Transshipment).

(Taking Cargo at through rates to all Mediterranean Ports, including Genoa, Naples, Leghorn, BOMBAY, SINGAPORE, SUEZ, ADEN, MALAGA, LARNAKIS and SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS up to Callao).

THE Steamship CAPRI, Captain Bazzani, will be despatched as above on WEDNESDAY, the 6th August, at Noon.

For further particulars regarding Freight and Passage, apply to OARLOWITZ & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, July 30, 1913.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE.

THE H. A. L. Steamship BRISGAVIA, Captain Bazzani, having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the warehouse and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained against Bills of Lading countersigned by the Underwriters.

Optional Cargo will be carried on unless notice to the contrary be given to-day.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 4th prox. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods must be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on the 2nd prox. at 9.30 a.m.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE, Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, July 29, 1913.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Co's Steamship Guitang, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that their goods will be delivered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge or re-manning on board after 4 p.m., the 31st July, will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers.

Hongkong, July 30, 1913.

SHIRE LINE OF STEAMERS, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

THE S.S. Den of Babylon, having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 4th prox. at 8 p.m. will be subject to rent. All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 4th instant at 9.30 a.m. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., Agents.

Hongkong, July 24, 1913.

